Numb. 7096.

The Daily Courant.

Saturday, July 18. 1724.

From the Jamaica Courant, dated April 29, 1724.

ON Friday the 24th Inſtant the Clergy of this Iſland waited upon the Duke of Portland, with the following Addreſs.

To the moſt Noble Prince Henry Duke of Portland, Captain General and Governour in Chief of this His Majeſty's Iſland of Jamaica, &c.

The Humble Addreſs of the Clergy of the ſaid Iſland.

May it pleaſe your Grace,

WE your Grace's moſt dutiful and obedient Servants, the Clergy of this Iſland, aſſembled to adviſe about anſwering certain Queries propoſed to us by the Lord Biſhop of London, our Right Reverend Dioceſan, humbly beg Leave to take this Opportunity of teſtifying in this publick Manner, our Zeal and Affection to your Grace's Perſon and Government.

We can with the greateſt Sincerity aſſure your Grace, that none ever congratulated your happy Acceſſion to this Government with a more entire Satisfaction, or with Hearts fuller of Joy than we do at this Time; and that we were not among the earlieſt in expreſſing this our unfeigned Joy, was owing to the Sickneſs of ſome of our Number, and to a Concurrence of other Circumſtances which rendred it impracticable for us to meet at that Time.

But now that thoſe Obſtructions are in Part removed and we have an Opportunity, through your Grace's Favour and Indulgence, of meeting and conſulting together, we cannot forbear making Uſe of it to expreſs the lively and grateful Senſe we have, as well of the many great and happy Advantages which the Iſland in general enjoys under your Grace's wiſeſt and juſt Adminiſtration, as alſo of the Protection and Countenance that we the Clergy in particular have had the Honour to receive from your Grace.

Should we go about to recount particular Inſtances of the former, we muſt be obliged to enumerate every publick Step your Grace has taken ſince your auſpicious Entrance on the Government of this Iſland; they having all apparently tended to promote its true Intereſt and Welfare: And for the latter, we beg Leave to aſſure your Grace, we are too ſenſible how highly honourable your Grace's Patronage and Encouragement is, and how advantageous and uſeful it may be to us, not to make it our conſtant Care and Ambition to deſerve the Continuance of it; and we promiſe ourſelves, we need never apprehend the leaſt Abatement of your Grace's Favour towards us, ſo long as we continue to approve ourſelves zealous and hearty Friends to our preſent happy Eſtabliſhment; endeavouring upon all proper Occaſions, according to the Duty of our Office, to inſtill into the Minds of our People, Sentiments of Duty and Affection to His Majeſty King George; as long as we are careful likewiſe by our Examples as well as Doctrine, to recommend to them a dutiful and obedient Behaviour towards your Grace, and in other Reſpects demean our ſelves ſuitably to the Obligations which our Profeſſion and Character lay upon us.

Theſe, may it pleaſe your Grace, are the Methods by which we ſhall always ſeek to entitle ourſelves to your Grace's Countenance and Favour; and this we rather think ourſelves bound to endeavour, becauſe as we ſhall hereby gain the Approbation and Eſteem of all wiſe and good Men; ſo we ſhall at the ſame time ſupport the Credit of our holy Function, and ſhew ourſelves worthy Miniſters of that excellent Church at whoſe Altars we have the Honour to ſerve

May it pleaſe your Grace,

We ſhould treſpaſs too far on your Grace's known Modeſty, were we to mention your eminent Loyalty to your Prince, and Love to your Country; your exemplary Piety, teſtified by your conſtant Attendance on the Offices of our holy Religion; your Humanity, Juſtice, and all other noble Qualities which adorn your Grace's publick and private Character.

We ſhall therefore only beg Leave to add our moſt hearty Prayers to Almighty God, that he would be pleaſed to bleſs your Grace, and your moſt noble and pious Conſort, with long Life, Happineſs, and Proſperity; that He would continue to influence you to ſuch Meaſures as may be moſt for the Advancement of His Glory, the Honour of our moſt gracious Sovereign, the Reputation of your Government, and the Intereſt of this Iſland. Finally, that your moſt noble and hopeful Offspring may emulate the Virtues of their great Anceſtors; and when after a long and glorious Courſe of Years you ſhall exchange this Life for a better, may ſupport the Honour of your illuſtrious Name and Family, and tranſmit it to lateſt Poſterity.

To which his Grace was pleaſed to return the following Anſwer.

Gentlemen,

I Receive this Addreſs with the greateſt Satisfaction. The Aſſurances which you give me of your Zeal and Affection to my Perſon and Government, is what I ſhall always value, and conſtantly endeavour to preſerve.

I am very ſenſible of the many Difficulties that have attended your meeting before this Time; now you are met, I ſhould be glad ſuch Methods might be found out, as to remove thoſe which may obſtruct the promoting true Principles of Chriſtianity amongſt your Pariſhioners, as alſo thoſe of Duty and Loyalty to His Majeſty King George; you may depend upon it, that your Endeavours towards it ſhall never want the Countenance and Encouragement I can give.

Your hearty Wiſhes, ſo fully expreſs'd for my Proſperity, and the Happineſs of my Family, juſtly call for my ſincereſt Thanks; and you may aſſure yourſelves, that I ſhall with Pleaſure embrace all Opportunities to convince you of my Eſteem and Regard.

Conſtantinople, June 10. It appears that the Ottoman Court and that of Ruſſia are well enough agreed as far as relates to the Diviſion of the Provinces of Perſia, which theſe two Emperours are for keeping Poſſeſſion of reſpectively, viz. on the Porte's Side, the Province of Carduel in Georgia, and the Provinces of Erivan, Tauris, and Casbin; on the the Czar's Side, the Conqueſt he has made between Mount Caucaſus, and the Coaſts of the Caſpian Sea, ſuch as, Derbent, Baku, Ghilan, Maſcan, Ran, and Ferabat, as far as the River Oxus, where the Kingdom of the Uzbecks lies. In the mean while the Conferences between the Marqueſs de Bonac, Ambaſſadour of France, and the Ruſſian Reſident, with the Commiſſioners appointed by the Grand Signior, are ſuſpended till after the Feaſt of Grand Bayram, ſo that it cannot be known till then whether the Agreement they were about can be concluded without ſending new Expreſſes to the Court of Ruſſia, which ſome People think is unavoidable. It is confirmed, that the Cham of Erivan, who favoured the Ottomans in their taking of Teflis, has retired to Ruſſia, having been ill uſed by Ibrahim Baſha, and that he has embraced the Chriſtian Religion. It is aſſured, that the Grand Signior is again fallen ill, although they affect to give out the contrary. This Relapſe will no doubt contribute to increaſe the Intrigues of the Seraglio, which came to a great height in the Time of his Highneſs's laſt Illneſs. The young Sultan his ſecond Son is the Admiration both of the People and

of

of the Janizaries, who, as is given out, would have him for their Emperour. The laſt Commotion which happened among thoſe Troops had no ill Effect, by the proper Orders that were given by the Kaimacan. The Grand Vizier is ſtill in great Credit, notwithſtanding the Efforts of his Adverſaries to undo him. We are aſſured, that in an Audience which the Ambaſſadour of Venice had lately of this firſt Miniſter, and wherein he demanded what the Fleet in the Dardanels was deſigned for; the Grand Vizier made Anſwer, that it was not Time now to acquaint him with it, but that he might however write to his Republick that ſhe need not take any Umbrage at it.

Moſcow, June 20. 'The whole Court is ſtill 'here, nor do we know as yet the Day of its De'parture for Petersbourg. The Czarina has been 'ill of a Fit of the Pleuriſy, which happened to 'her ſome Days after her Coronation; but his 'Czariſh Majeſty is pretty well recovered, ſince he 'was let Blood. We expect ſhortly a Liſt of all 'the Promotions Civil and Military, which his 'Imperial Majeſty has made ſince the Coronation. 'As for the reſt, all the Deſigns which are upon 'the Carpet are kept ſo ſecret that we cannot come 'to the Knowledge of the leaſt Thing; even the 'Foreign Miniſters themſelves ſcruple to write any 'thing as to publick Affairs from hence, knowing 'that the Czar has given private Orders to open 'the Letters which are in the leaſt ſuſpected. Ad'vices from Perſia continue to vary very much; 'however, it is certain that Miriweys is daily 'growing ſtronger, and that he will be ſhortly in a 'Condition to diſlodge the Ruſſians, unleſs they be 'ſpeedily reinforced. It is ſtill talked here that 'the Duke of Holſtein will have the General Com'mand of all the Provinces taken from the 'Swedes.

Petersbourg, June 26. 'The Day of his Impe'rial Majeſty's Birth was celebrated here with a 'fine Firework on the River Neva: A ſad Accident 'happened by the fall of one of the Bridges, many 'of the Spectators fell into the River, but moſt of 'them were ſaved. We have likewiſe Advices, 'that in the laſt great Storm ſome Veſſels on the 'Volga were overſet, whereby 26 Perſons were 'drowned. M. Ruſſewurm's Lady being arrived 'here, has been waited on and complimented by 'the Duke of Holſtein's Chief Officers. The two 'new Men of War lately arrived here, have been 'tried by the Admiralty, and found to be extraor'dinary good Sailors: They are ordered to join 'the Fleet at Cronſlot.

Stockholm, July 5. We expect here every Day the two Princes of Saxe Gotha. The Ship laden with Iron, which was unhappily ſunk by running againſt the Bridge, was almoſt weighed up, after much Trouble and Expence; but the Tackle and Chains happening to break, ſhe went down again, ſo that they muſt begin a new, for which purpoſe ſome Hundreds of Hands are daily employed. General Count Dücker is expected here every Hour, to make a Report to his Majeſty of the Condition our Land Forces are in. After a great Drought we have had a refreſhing Rain, ſo that we promiſe ourſelves now a plentiful Harveſt.

Falmouth, July 13. This Day came in the Hanover Packet from Lisbon.

Plymouth, July 14. This Day came in the Advice from St. Sebaſtians; Society from Lisbon; John and Priſcilla from Alicant; and a Dutch Man of War from Lisbon: She was one of the Convoy to the St. Ubes Fleet, which are paſſing by.

Liverpool, July 14. This Day came in the Olive from Barbadoes; Vine from Virginia; and Norris from Dantzick.

Deal, July 15. Yeſterday arrived the Bridgewater and Mountague from the Eaſt Indies; the George and Olive-Branch, both from Oporto; Edward from Barbadoes; and Mary from Alicant. This Day arrived the New York and Elizabeth, both from Barbadoes; Duke of Glouceſter from Antegoa; Meſſina from Leghorn; Sarah from Gallipoly; Sobriety from Oporto; and Jane and Mary from Corſica.

Deal, July 16. Came in the Cato from the Streights; Merry-Thought from Carolina; Charles from Virginia; and Dover from Antegoa.

Graveſend, July 16. Paſſed by for the River, the Willing-Mind from Oporto; Robert and Mary from Newport; Loyal Friend from Virginia; John and Conſtant from Oporto; Yarmouth, Ann and Elizabeth, and Loyal Margaret, all three from Norway; Mead from Liſbon; Betty from Oporto; Whidaw from Guiney; and Induſtry from Jamaica.

London, July 18.

They write from Oſtend of the 11th Inſtant, that the two Ships lately arriv'd from China have brought home 400 Peculls, which is 52000 Pound Weight of Quickſilver; but their printed Cargoes making no Mention thereof, People of Speculation in Trade are apt to imagine, that conſidering the Quantity of Quickſilver that has long lain pawn'd in Holland for the Emperour's Accounts, and alſo the great Quantities of the ſame Commodity that are annually produced from the Mines in his Imperial Majeſty's Dominions, they have found it their Intereſt to ſecrete this Article, in order to ſend it to ſome other Country for Sale, which will have juſt the ſame Effect upon the Price of Quickſilver, as if it had been entred and ſold in Flanders.

London, July 18.

Yeſterday South-Sea Stock was 118 1 half, to 118 5 8ths. South-Sea Annuity 105. Bank 131, 130 7 8ths. 131. India 145 1 half, to 145 3 qrs. African 13 1 qr. York-Buildings 8 1 8th. Royal Exchange Aſſurance 51, to 51 1 half. London Aſſurance 7 3 qrs. Lottery Tickets 11 l. 6 s. 6 d. 11 l. 7 s. 11 l. 6 s. to 11 l. 6 s. 6 d.

Whereas in Epſom, in the County of Surrey, Time out of Mind, hath been kept a Three Days Fair, beginning on St. James's Day, being the 25th of this Inſtant July, for the vending of Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes: This is to invite all Chapmen and others to the ſaid Fair, where they ſhall be kindly entertained, and have their Standings Gratis. N. B. The ſaid Fair to be kept at the uſual Place, between the King's-Head and Black Spread Eagle.

Loſt or miſlaid on Monday Night laſt the 13th Inſtant, a Bank Note N° H 6 dated July 1, 1724. payable to Sir John Hales, or Bearer, for 75 l. Whoever brings the ſaid Note to Mrs. White at her Chocolate-Houſe in St. James's-ſtreet, ſhall receive Five Pounds Reward, and no Queſtions aſked. N. B. Payment is ſtopt. ☞ In this Adverſement of Yeſterday, for Sir [illegible] Hales, read Sir John Hales.

The Richmond Sloop, John Hutton Commander, ſails on Wedneſday next for Rotterdam, now lying at St. Katherine's, ready to take in Goods and Paſſengers, and may be ſpoke with every Day on the Dutch Walk at Exchange-Time; at Tom's Coffee-houſe in Cornhill, near the Exchange; and at Mr. Bland's, at the Tyger at Tower-Dock. Peters and Vankeſter, for the Maſter.

To be Sold by AUCTION,

On Thurſday the 23d Inſtant, The intire Houſhold-Goods and Pictures of Capt. James Partridge, (deceaſed.) Conſiſting of Damask and Wrought Beds, Bedding, fine Pier and Chimney-Glaſſes, Walnut-Tree Cheſts of Drawers, a fine India Cheſt, Books, Fire-Arms, Linnen, Lace, Plate, China, &c. To be ſold at his late Dwelling House in Great Ruſſell-ſtreet, Bloomsbury, over-againſt the Lord Thanet's the Corner of Dyot-ſtreet, a Hatchment over the Door. The Goods, &c. to be View'd Monday, Tueſday, Wedneſday, and Thurſday till the Time of Sale, which will begin each Day at 12 a-Clock. Catalogues to be had Gratis at the Place of Sale, at Mr. Chambers's at the Seven Dials, and at Mr. Scarlet's in Silver-ſtreet, Bloomsbury.

Juſt Publiſhed,

Some Obſervations on the ſeveral Methods of Lithotomy. In a Letter to Dr. John Lane. By Samuel Pye of Briſtol, Surgeon. Printed for William and John Innys, at the Weſt End of St. Paul's. Where may be had,

1. An Eſſay on the Animal Oeconomy: Together with Obſervations on the Small Pox. By J. Helvetius, M. D. 8vo.

2. Diſſertatio Medica de Morbis Venereis, cui adjungitur Diſſertatio Med. Chirurg. de Tumoribus. Authore Antonio Deidier, M. D. 8vo.

Newly Publiſhed,

1. A Brief Expoſition of the Church Catechiſm, with Proofs from Scripture. By John Williams, D. D. late Lord Biſhop of Chicheſter. The 22d Edition. Price 4 d. ſtitch't, 6 d. bound.

2. Lord Biſhop of London's Sermon againſt Maſquerades. Price 2 d. or 14 s. a Hundred.

3. His Lordſhip's Advice to Perſons that have been ſick, to be put into their Hands as ſoon as recovered. Price 2 d. or 14 s. a Hundred.

4. His Advice to profane and common Swearers. Price 1 d. or 6 s. a Hundred.

5. Sir Iſaac Newton's Tables for renewing and purchaſing the Leaſes of Cathedral Churches and Colleges: To which is added, The Value of Church and Colleges Leaſes. Price 1 s.

6. The Deſign and Uſe of Confirmation. A Sermon preached at St. Margaret's Weſtminſter, by Samuel Lord Biſhop of Rocheſter. Price 2 d.

All printed for John Wyat, Bookſeller, at the Rolls in St. Paul's Church-Yard.

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